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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/579,792	05/26/2000	Roger Flores	PALM-2940.US.P 8499	
7590 02/07/2005			EXAMINER	
Wagner Murabito & Hao LLP Two North Market Street			CHUNG, DANIEL J	
Third Floor San Jose, CA 95113			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2672	

DATE MAILED: 02/07/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/579,792	FLORES ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Daniel J Chung	2672			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 S	eptember 2004.				
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ▼ This	•				
,	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	г.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	•				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ul>		atent Application (PTO-152)			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1-21 are presented for examination. This office action is in response to the amendment filed on 9-13-2004.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith et al (6,433,798) in view of Rhyne (4,521,770)

Regarding claim 1, Smith et al discloses that the claimed feature of in a computer system, a method of displaying information, comprising the steps of:

a) accessing a flag [i.e. reference value for display attributes] indicating a display mode of a display screen [104] of a computer system [Fig 1], wherein display mode ["a number of display attributes"] indicates a display capability [i.e. system can having a different display attributes of display object] of display screen; b) an application program [121] of computer system making a call to request a display attribute ["display attribute"] for an object to be displayed on display screen [104]; c) in response to request, indexing a table with flag and an object identifier ["display object"] to obtain a display attribute,

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wherein object identifier identifies object, and wherein table is located in computer system externally of application program and comprises a list of object identifiers ['different objects'] and a plurality of display attribute lists ["a number of display attributes"], each of display attribute lists [508,514,520] having a display attribute associated with each of object identifiers [506,512,518], wherein at least two of display attribute lists correspond to different potential display capabilities of display screen; d) application program [121] displaying object on display screen [104] with display attribute, wherein display capability of display screen is transparent to application program. (See Fig 1, Fig 5, col 3 line 64-67, col 4 line 45-54, col 6 line 52-67, col 7 line 37-40)

Smith et al does not specifically disclose that "a flag indicating a display mode of a display screen". However, using of a flag is well-known in the art to represent a information as a marker of some type used by a computer in processing or interpreting information. (See "Microsoft Computer Dictionary", third edition) Therefore, this would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to use flag into the teaching of Smith et al, as using of flag is advantageously desirable in Smith et al's system for effectively utilizing a number of different display attributes.

Also, Smith et al does not explicitly disclose that a table structure, which comprises a list of object identifiers and an associated display attribute lists. However,

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such limitations are shown in the teaching of Rhyne ["object identifier", "color attributes" in "color look-up table",] (See Abstract, Fig 8 -12, col 2 line 24-52, col 3 line 32-44, col 3 line 63-col 4 line 13) It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to incorporate the teaching of Rhyne into the teaching of Smith et al, in order to provide "interactively executing the editing functions with a minimum of hardware alteration" (See col 2 line 15-32 in Rhyne), as such enhancement is also advantageously desirable in the teaching of Smith et al for rendering optimized image upon the display device effectively.

Regarding claim 2, Smith et al discloses that plurality of display attribute lists comprise a first and a second, and wherein:

First display attribute list has all of its associated display attributes being color ["color"]; Second display attribute list has all of its associated display attributes being monochrome ["grayscale"]. (See col 4 line 45-51, col 6 line 3-7)

Regarding claim 3, Smith et al discloses that plurality of display attribute lists comprise a third, and where third display attribute list has all of its associated display attributes being a gray scale value ["grayscale"]. (See col 4 line 45-51, col 6 line 3-7)

Regarding claim 4, refer to the discussion for the claim 1 hereinabove, Smith et al discloses that display attribute lists has all of its associated display attributes as being

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colors which are substantially different from each other, such that debugging application program is facilitated. (See col 4 line 45-51, col 6 line 3-7, col 6 line 63)

Regarding claim 5, Smith et al discloses that the step of application program [changing at least one of the display attributes in at least one of display attribute lists. (See Fig 1, Fig 5, col 6 line 52-67; Also See Fig 8-12 in Rhyne)

Regarding claim 6, Smith et al discloses that the step of application program causing changes to the display attributes to remain in effect when the next application program runs. (See Fig 1, Fig 5, col 6 line 52-67; Also See Fig 8-12 in Rhyne)

Regarding claim 7, Smith et al discloses that the step of each time the computer system starts up, assigning a random color to each undefined color [default], such that if the application program changes one of display attributes to one of undefined colors, then the display attribute of object displayed on display screen is likely to be different each time the computer system starts up. (See Fig 1, Fig 5, col 6 line 52-67; Also See Fig 8-12 in Rhyne)

Regarding claim 8, Smith et al discloses that the step of a user of computer system changing display mode. (See Fig 1, Fig 5)

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Regarding claim 9, Smith et al discloses that color table resides in an operating system of computer system. (See Fig 1)

Regarding claim 10, Claim 10 is the corresponding computer system of claim 1. Thus, the rejection to claim 1 hereinabove is also applicable to claim 10. In addition, Smith et al further discloses that a processor [132] coupled to a bus [133]; a display screen [104] coupled to bus; a memory unit [134] coupled to bus and comprising instructions that when executed by processor implement a method of display information. (See Fig 1)

Regarding claims 11-12, Smith et al disclose that computer system is a portable/palm sized computer system. (See col 3 line 28-55)

Regarding claim 13, claim 13 is similar in scope to the claim 1, and thus the rejection to claim 1 hereinabove is also applicable to claim 13.

Regarding claim 14, claim 14 is similar in scope to the claim 2, and thus the rejection to claim 2 hereinabove is also applicable to claim 14.

Regarding claim 15, claim 15 is similar in scope to the claim 3, and thus the rejection to claim 3 hereinabove is also applicable to claim 15.

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Regarding claim 16, claim 16 is similar in scope to the claim 4, and thus the rejection to claim 4 hereinabove is also applicable to claim 16.

Regarding claim 17, claim 17 is similar in scope to the claim 5, and thus the rejection to claim 5 hereinabove is also applicable to claim 17.

Regarding claim 18, claim 18 is similar in scope to the claim 6, and thus the rejection to claim 6 hereinabove is also applicable to claim 18.

Regarding claim 19, claim 19 is similar in scope to the claim 7, and thus the rejection to claim 7 hereinabove is also applicable to claim 19.

Regarding claim 20, claim 20 is similar in scope to the claim 8, and thus the rejection to claim 8 hereinabove is also applicable to claim 20.

Regarding claim 21, Smith et al discloses that application program changes the at least one of the display attributes in the at least one of display attribute lists without user interaction. (See Fig 1, Fig 5)

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### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments, see Remarks p.2-12, filed 9-13-2004, with respect to the rejection(s)of claim(s) 1-21 under 35 USC § 103 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Smith et al. Specifically, Smith et al discloses that an application program and a table are located on the same computer system (See Fig 1, 5) and display objects with a different number of display attributes. (See Fig 5, col 6 line 52-67). See the rejection hereinabove.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daniel J. Chung whose telephone number is (703) 306-3419. He can normally be reached Monday-Thursday and alternate Fridays from 7:30am- 5:00pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael, Razavi, can be reached at (703) 305-4713.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 872-9306 (Central fax)

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## (703) 872-9314 (for Technology Center 2600 only)

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

djc January 21, 2005

> MICHAEL RAZAVI SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600